



EXECUTOR CHECKLIST

People used to consider it an honor to be asked to be an estate trustee or an executor for a friend or family member. Anyone who has ever acted as an executor will confirm that it is a job, and sometimes not a well paid job at that. An executor has to be prepared to write lots of letters and deal with lawyers, Canada Customs and Revenue Agency, insurance companies, real estate agents, business valuers, former employers, creditors, accountants, beneficiaries, and other interested parties, as well as the deceased's professional advisors.

Although the funeral home and other people you might have to deal with provide advice and guidance, it is the executor's job to follow through on his or her duties and ensure that all items are completed.

The following checklist outlines some of the executor's duties.

General

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Arrange the funeral and cremation or burial of the deceased.
- Obtain the death certificate and certified copies.
- Locate and review the instructions in the original will.
- Meet with the lawyer that will represent the estate in all legal matters.
- Submit an application to the provincial court for the Probate Certificate or Grant of Probate.
- Arrange probate fees or taxes to be paid to the provincial court.
- Locate all beneficiaries, including charities, and notify them that they have an interest in the estate under the terms of the will.
- Explain your role to the beneficiaries.
- Notify the spouse of any entitlement he or she may have under family law and recommend that the spouse receive independent legal advice.
- Assess the rights of any dependents who were financially dependent on the deceased at the time of death.
- Keep the beneficiaries informed as to the progress of administering the estate.
- Review all personal papers of the deceased to help locate the deceased's assets and debts, key contacts, tax information, etc.



Dealing with Government Benefit Programs

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Cancel Old Age Security benefits.
- Contact the Income Security Office to stop CPP cheques, or the Quebec Pension Plan Office for QPP cheques.
- Apply to CPP/QPP for any death benefits the deceased qualifies for.
- Apply to CPP/QPP for any surviving spouse and dependent pension benefits.
- Contact Human Resources Development Canada to cancel the deceased's Social Insurance Number (SIN).
- Contact social security office in the U.S. to stop benefits.
- Apply to the social security office in the U.S. for any death or survivor benefits.
- If deceased is retired from the military, contact the appropriate veteran's office to receive any application benefits.

Obtain all Benefits Payable to the Estate

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Contact all service clubs and veterans clubs for death benefits that may be payable to the estate.
- Obtain all unpaid wages and other benefits from the deceased's former employer.
- Contact all of the deceased's employers (current and former) to determine if any pension or survivor benefits exist.
- Apply for any amounts payable to the estate under life insurance policies.
- Determine the options available for any remaining pension plans or annuities, and determine if the monthly income should continue, or the commuted value be paid out.

Manage the Assets of the Estate

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Prepare a detailed inventory of the deceased's assets, including the contents of the deceased's safety deposit box.
- Locate all bank accounts of the deceased, and determine the balance on deposit for each account. Notify the financial institutions of the death.
- Search for any unclaimed bank accounts.
- Open a bank account for the estate and transfer the deceased's bank accounts to the estate bank account.
- Re-register the accounts and assets of the deceased into the name of the estate, for example, "The estate of...".
- Obtain statements showing the value of the deceased's investments as of the date of death.
- Obtain statements showing the value of the deceased's RRSPs/RRIFs as of the date of death.

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Manage the Assets of the Estate (Continued)

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Cancel any pre-authorized savings programs (PACs) or systematic withdrawal programs (SWIP), as well as any pending securities trades.
- Review the investment strategy, and adjust if necessary.
- Arrange for the storage of assets requiring it, and advise insurers of any physical assets of the deceased. Arrange for any insurance coverage required.
- Review all real estate documents including, deeds, mortgages and issues.
- Arrange for valuations of any assets of the estate, such as personal property, real estate, cars, etc.
- Cancel the deceased's driver's licence, newspaper and magazine subscriptions, telephone, cable TV, internet subscription, as well as memberships to any clubs.
- Arrange with the post office for mail to be redirected, if necessary, and notify all interested parties of the change of address.
- Obtain deeds for real estate, and arrange to sell the real estate, if necessary.
- Obtain share certificates for bonds, stocks, or GICs not held at a financial institution.
- Transfer or cancel any insurance policies on the house, car, boat, etc., where appropriate.
- Sell any estate assets that must be sold, and those which the personal representative chooses to sell (provided this power is given to the executor in the will).
- Close the safety deposit box.

Settle the Bills of the Estate

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Identify all the liabilities of the deceased.
- Determine the outstanding balances of all personal debts.
- Arrange for publication of the notice of "Advertisement for Creditors and Others" in a local paper to locate parties who may have a claim against some or all of the estate and would be paid prior to a distribution to any of the beneficiaries.
- Settle all just claims and debts of the deceased, including credit cards, consumer debt and mortgages.
- Cancel credit cards.
- Settle the bills of the estate; creditors, funeral expenses, and other expenses.
- Determine if there are sufficient assets in the estate to pay all liabilities and income tax before making any interim distribution to the beneficiaries, so you do not take on any personal liability for the tax bill.

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Funeral Services

File the Tax Returns

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Prepare and file the tax returns for any years prior to the date of death that have not yet been filed.
- Identify opportunities and make the appropriate elections to reduce the tax bill of the deceased, including using the spousal rollover, applying capital losses, and contributing to a spousal RRSP.
- Prepare and file the final tax return for the deceased, as well as any optional returns.
- File any tax returns required for assets held outside of Canada, including those required by the IRS.
- File estate tax returns (T3) for each year the estate exists, if necessary.
- Pay all income tax due or obtain an income tax refund, as applicable.
- Obtain the tax clearance certificate from the Canada Customs and Revenue Agency.

Distribute the Assets of the Estate

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Assess any immediate need for cash that the surviving spouse may have.
- Distribute the assets and property of the estate to the beneficiaries according to the instructions in the will and restrictions on the distribution of the estate.
- For accounts registered jointly with rights of survivorship, request the account be transferred to the surviving tenant.
- Arrange to have the RRSP/RRIF transferred or rolled over to named beneficiaries.
- After the tax clearance certificate is obtained, transfer title, and distribute any remaining assets or property in the estate.
- Discuss any "in kind" distributions with the beneficiaries.
- Complete the paperwork necessary to transfer stocks and other securities.
- Establish any testamentary trusts, according to the instructions in the will.
- Obtain receipts and/or release forms from all beneficiaries.

Other

Started/ Completed/ Not Applicable

- Prepare an accounting of the estate.
- Calculate the fees payable to the executor.
- Obtain reimbursement for all necessary and reasonable expenses incurred in the administration of the estate (with receipts).
- Pay legal fees and all other outstanding fees related to the administration of the estate.
- Pass accounts before a provincial court judge, if necessary.
- Close the estate bank account.

The above list of duties is for educational purposes only and is not to be considered tax, financial, or legal advice.

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Tel: 604.892.3683 **Fax:** 604.892.3633 **Toll Free:** 1.888.892.3683 **Email:** lovingmemories@shaw.ca
PO Box 2450, 38121 Second Avenue, Squamish, BC V8B 0B6
www.creatinglovingmemories.com